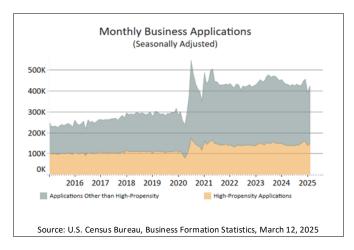
BUSINESS FORMATION STATISTICS, FEBRUARY 2025

Release Number: CB25-38

March 12, 2025 — The U.S. Census Bureau announced the following seasonally adjusted business application and formation statistics for February 2025. The Business Application Series describe the business applications for tax IDs as indicated by applications for an Employer Identification Number (EIN) through filings of the IRS Form SS-4. The Business Formation Series describe employer business formations as indicated by the first instance of payroll tax liabilities for the corresponding business applications.

BUSINESS APPLICATIONS					
U.S. Business Applications:	FEB 2025	FEB 2025 / JAN 2025			
Total	423,144	7.8%°			
High-Propensity	145,305 4.7%°				
With Planned Wages	44,262 6.2%°				
From Corporations	53,624	-1.6%°			
Next release: April 10, 2025					
(°) Statistical significance is not applicable or not measurable.					
Data adjusted for seasonality.					
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Business Formation Statistics, March 12, 2025					



Business Applications - At a Glance					-	
		US	Northeast	Midwest	South	West
Total	FEB 2025	423,144	61,988	68,916	183,155	109,085
	FEB 2025 / JAN 2025	+7.8%	+8.5%	+11.7%	+7.9%	+5.0%
High-Propensity	FEB 2025	145,305	22,719	22,185	57,588	42,813
	FEB 2025 / JAN 2025	+4.7%	+4.6%	+11.6%	+4.6%	+1.4%
With Planned Wages	FEB 2025	44,262	6,142	8,038	18,446	11,636
	FEB 2025 / JAN 2025	+6.2%	+4.2%	+13.5%	+5.4%	+3.7%
From Corporations	FEB 2025	53,624	10,240	5,747	15,693	21,944
	FEB 2025 / JAN 2025	-1.6%	-2.8%	+11.1%	-1.9%	-3.6%

Details may not equal totals due to rounding. Regions defined by Census Bureau Geography Program. Statistical significance is not applicable or not measurable. Data adjusted for seasonality. Green Percentage changes are greater than zero (+). Red Percentage changes are less than zero (-). Z = absolute value < 0.05.

Business Applications

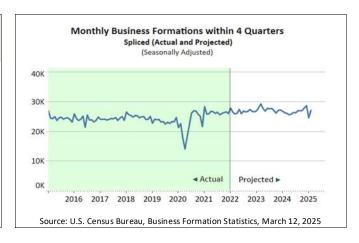
Business Applications for February 2025, adjusted for seasonal variation, were 423,144, an increase of 7.8 percent compared to January 2025.

Data Inquiries

Economic Indicators Division, Business Formation Statistics 301-763-2000 eid.bfs@census.gov



BUSINESS FORMATIONS					
U.S. Total Projected Business Formations:	FEB 2025	FEB 2025 / JAN 2025			
Within 4 Quarters	27,090	10.2%°			
Within 8 Quarters	37,429	9.2%°			
Next release: April 10, 2025					
(°) Statistical significance is not applicable or not measurable.					
Spliced - Data adjusted for seasonality.					
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Business Formation Statistics, March 12, 2025					



Projected Business Format	tions - At a Glance					
		US	Northeast	Midwest	South	West
Within 4 Quarters	FEB 2025	27,090	4,231	4,376	10,054	8,429
	FEB 2025 / JAN 2025	+10.2%	+9.2%	+18.5%	+12.0%	+4.9%
Within 8 Quarters	FEB 2025	37,429	5,839	5,965	14,130	11,495
	FEB 2025 / JAN 2025	+9.2%	+8.9%	+17.7%	+10.6%	+3.8%

Details may not equal totals due to rounding. Regions defined by Census Bureau Geography Program. Statistical significance is not applicable or not measurable.

Data adjusted for seasonality. Green Percentage changes are greater than zero (+). Red Percentage changes are less than zero (-). Z = absolute value < 0.05.

Business Formations

Projected Business Formations (within 4 quarters) for February 2025, adjusted for seasonal variation, were 27,090, an increase of 10.2 percent compared to January 2025. The projected business formations are forward looking, providing an estimate of the number of new business startups that will appear from the cohort of business applications in a given month. It does not provide an estimate of the total number of business startups that appeared within a specific month. In other words, the Census Bureau is projecting that 27,090 new business startups with payroll tax liabilities will form within 4 quarters of application from all the business applications filed during February 2025. The 10.2 percent increase indicates that for February 2025 there will be 10.2 percent more businesses projected to form within 4 quarters of application, compared to the analogous projections for January 2025.

Data InquiriesEconomic Indicators Division, Business Formation Statistics 301-763-2000

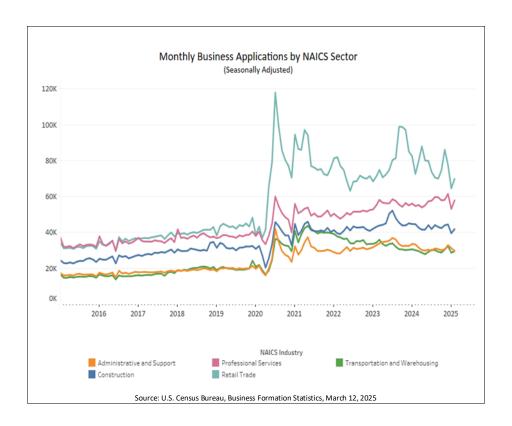
eid.bfs@census.gov

Media Inquiries
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301-763-3030
pio@census.gov



U.S. Department of Commerce U.S. CENSUS BUREAU census.gov Statistics on actual business formations are available up to the latest quarter for which administrative data identifies employer business startup activity based on first payroll observation, currently the fourth quarter of 2022. Given the forward-looking nature of business formations, the Census Bureau can only state actual business formations within 4 quarters up to December 2021, and business formations within 8 quarters up to December 2020. Projected business formations within 4 quarters start in January 2022 and projected business formations within 8 quarters start in January 2021 and both end in February 2025. The most recent quarter for which administrative data on payroll is available is updated annually in the twelfth month based on new data on actual business formations.

For more information, see the explanatory notes later in this release or visit https://www.census.gov/econ/bfs/technicaldocumentation/methodology.html.



Data Inquiries
Economic Indicators Division, Business Formation Statistics 301-763-2000
eid.bfs@census.gov



Business Applications by Industry - At a Glance



11: Agriculture			03
21: Mining	11: Agriculture	FEB 2025	3,583
FEB 2025 JAN 2025 +13.0%		FEB 2025 / JAN 2025	+3.5%
22: Utilities	21: Mining	FEB 2025	486
SEB 2025 JAN 2025 42,9%		FEB 2025 / JAN 2025	+13.0%
23: Construction	22: Utilities	FEB 2025	722
Second		FEB 2025 / JAN 2025	+20.9%
31-33: Manufacturing	23: Construction	FEB 2025	41,871
FEB 2025 JAN 2025 +3.4%		FEB 2025 / JAN 2025	+5.9%
42: Wholesale Trade FEB 2025 JAN 2025 +10.0% 44-45: Retail Trade FEB 2025 JAN 2025 69,846 FEB 2025 JAN 2025 +8.2% 48-49: Transportation and Warehousing FEB 2025 JAN 2025 +2.9% 51: Information FEB 2025 JAN 2025 +12.4% 52: Finance and Insurance FEB 2025 JAN 2025 +11.8% 53: Real Estate FEB 2025 JAN 2025 +11.8% 54: Professional Services FEB 2025 JAN 2025 +9.1% 54: Professional Services FEB 2025 JAN 2025 +8.9% 55: Management of Companies FEB 2025 JAN 2025 +8.9% 56: Administrative and Support FEB 2025 JAN 2025 +14.7% 56: Educational Services FEB 2025 JAN 2025 +7.3% 61: Educational Services FEB 2025 JAN 2025 +7.3% 62: Health Care and Social Assistance FEB 2025 JAN 2025 +7.9% 71: Arts and Entertainment FEB 2025 JAN 2025 +7.9% 72: Accommodation and Food Services FEB 2025 JAN 2025 +7.3% 72: Accommodation and Food Services FEB 2025 JAN 2025 +7.3% 72: Accommodation and Food Services FEB 2025 JAN 2025 +10.9% FEB 2025 JAN 2025 +10.9% +10.9% 81: Other Services FEB 2025 JAN 2025 +6.2% Unclassified	31-33: Manufacturing	FEB 2025	6,208
SEB 2025 JAN 2025 +10.0%		FEB 2025 / JAN 2025	+3.4%
44-45: Retail Trade FEB 2025 69,846 FEB 2025 JAN 2025 +8.2% 48-49: Transportation and Warehousing FEB 2025 JAN 2025 +2.9% 51: Information FEB 2025 JAN 2025 +12.4% 52: Finance and Insurance FEB 2025 JAN 2025 +11.4% 53: Real Estate FEB 2025 JAN 2025 +11.8% 54: Professional Services FEB 2025 JAN 2025 +9.1% 55: Management of Companies FEB 2025 JAN 2025 +8.9% 56: Administrative and Support FEB 2025 JAN 2025 +14.7% 56: Administrative and Support FEB 2025 JAN 2025 +7.3% 61: Educational Services FEB 2025 JAN 2025 +7.3% 62: Health Care and Social Assistance FEB 2025 JAN 2025 +4.6% 62: Health Care and Social Assistance FEB 2025 JAN 2025 +7.3% 71: Arts and Entertainment FEB 2025 JAN 2025 +7.3% 72: Accommodation and Food Services FEB 2025 JAN 2025 +7.3% 72: Accommodation and Food Services FEB 2025 JAN 2025 +7.3% 81: Other Services FEB 2025 JAN 2025 +1.0.9% 81: Other Services FEB 2025 JAN 2025 +6.2% Unclassified FEB 2025 JAN 2025 +6.2% Unclassified FEB 2025 JAN 2025 +6.2% Unclassified FEB 2025 JAN 2025 +6.2%	42: Wholesale Trade	FEB 2025	8,644
### Add to the composition of th		FEB 2025 / JAN 2025	+10.0%
48-49: Transportation and Warehousing FEB 2025 29,525 FEB 2025 / JAN 2025 +2.9% 51: Information FEB 2025 / JAN 2025 +12.4% 52: Finance and Insurance FEB 2025 / JAN 2025 +11.4% 52: Finance and Insurance FEB 2025 / JAN 2025 +11.8% 53: Real Estate FEB 2025 / JAN 2025 +11.8% 54: Professional Services FEB 2025 / JAN 2025 +9.1% 54: Professional Services FEB 2025 / JAN 2025 +9.1% 55: Management of Companies FEB 2025 / JAN 2025 +14.7% 56: Administrative and Support FEB 2025 / JAN 2025 +14.7% 56: Administrative and Support FEB 2025 / JAN 2025 +7.3% 61: Educational Services FEB 2025 / JAN 2025 +4.6% 62: Health Care and Social Assistance FEB 2025 / JAN 2025 +7.9% 71: Arts and Entertainment FEB 2025 / JAN 2025 +7.3% 72: Accommodation and Food Services FEB 2025 / JAN 2025 +7.3% 72: Accommodation and Food Services FEB 2025 / JAN 2025 +10.9% 81: Other Services FEB 2025 / JAN 2025 +10.9% 81: Other Services FEB 2025 / JAN 2025 <td>44-45: Retail Trade</td> <td>FEB 2025</td> <td>69,846</td>	44-45: Retail Trade	FEB 2025	69,846
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FEB 2025 / JAN 2025		FEB 2025 / JAN 2025	+2.9%
52: Finance and Insurance FEB 2025 18,951 11.8% 53: Real Estate FEB 2025 JAN 2025 21,084 FEB 2025 JAN 2025 49.1% 54: Professional Services FEB 2025 JAN 2025 49.1% 55: Management of Companies FEB 2025 JAN 2025 48.9% 55: Management of Companies FEB 2025 JAN 2025 41.47% 56: Administrative and Support FEB 2025 JAN 2025 41.47% 56: Administrative and Support FEB 2025 JAN 2025 47.3% 61: Educational Services FEB 2025 JAN 2025 44.6% 62: Health Care and Social Assistance FEB 2025 JAN 2025 47.9% 71: Arts and Entertainment FEB 2025 JAN 2025 47.9% 72: Accommodation and Food Services FEB 2025 JAN 2025 47.3% 72: Accommodation and Food Services FEB 2025 JAN 2025 41.09% 81: Other Services FEB 2025 JAN 2025 41.09% 81: Other Services FEB 2025 JAN 2025 46.2% Unclassified FEB 2025 JAN 2025 46.2%	51: Information	FEB 2025	8,378
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56: Administrative and Support FEB 2025 29,636 FEB 2025 / JAN 2025 +7.3% 61: Educational Services FEB 2025 6,460 FEB 2025 / JAN 2025 +4.6% 62: Health Care and Social Assistance FEB 2025 / JAN 2025 27,389 FEB 2025 / JAN 2025 +7.9% 71: Arts and Entertainment FEB 2025 / JAN 2025 +7.3% 72: Accommodation and Food Services FEB 2025 / JAN 2025 +10.9% 81: Other Services FEB 2025 / JAN 2025 +10.9% 81: Other Services FEB 2025 / JAN 2025 +6.2% Unclassified FEB 2025 / JAN 2025 14,012	55: Management of Companies	FEB 2025	5,020
### FEB 2025 / JAN 2025 #### FEB 2025 6,460 ### 61: Educational Services		FEB 2025 / JAN 2025	+14.7%
61: Educational Services FEB 2025 5,460 FEB 2025 JAN 2025 +4.6% 62: Health Care and Social Assistance FEB 2025 FEB 2025 27,389 FEB 2025 JAN 2025 +7.9% 71: Arts and Entertainment FEB 2025 JAN 2025 +7.3% 72: Accommodation and Food Services FEB 2025 JAN 2025 +7.3% 72: Accommodation and Food Services FEB 2025 JAN 2025 +10.9% 81: Other Services FEB 2025 JAN 2025 +6.2% Unclassified	56: Administrative and Support	FEB 2025	29,636
FEB 2025 / JAN 2025 +4.6% 62: Health Care and Social Assistance FEB 2025 27,389 FEB 2025 / JAN 2025 +7.9% 71: Arts and Entertainment FEB 2025 / JAN 2025 13,250 FEB 2025 / JAN 2025 +7.3% 72: Accommodation and Food Services FEB 2025 / JAN 2025 24,465 FEB 2025 / JAN 2025 +10.9% 81: Other Services FEB 2025 / JAN 2025 +6.2% Unclassified FEB 2025 / JAN 2025 14,012		FEB 2025 / JAN 2025	+7.3%
62: Health Care and Social Assistance FEB 2025 FEB 2025 / JAN 2025	61: Educational Services	FEB 2025	6,460
FEB 2025 / JAN 2025 +7.9% 71: Arts and Entertainment FEB 2025 / JAN 2025 13,250 72: Accommodation and Food Services FEB 2025 / JAN 2025 24,465 FEB 2025 / JAN 2025 +10.9% 81: Other Services FEB 2025 / JAN 2025 35,759 FEB 2025 / JAN 2025 +6.2% Unclassified FEB 2025 14,012		FEB 2025 / JAN 2025	+4.6%
71: Arts and Entertainment FEB 2025 13,250 FEB 2025 / JAN 2025 +7.3% 72: Accommodation and Food Services FEB 2025 24,465 FEB 2025 / JAN 2025 +10.9% 81: Other Services FEB 2025 35,759 FEB 2025 / JAN 2025 +6.2% Unclassified FEB 2025 14,012	62: Health Care and Social Assistance	FEB 2025	27,389
FEB 2025 / JAN 2025 +7.3% 72: Accommodation and Food Services FEB 2025 24,465 FEB 2025 / JAN 2025 +10.9% 81: Other Services FEB 2025 / JAN 2025 35,759 FEB 2025 / JAN 2025 +6.2% Unclassified FEB 2025 14,012		FEB 2025 / JAN 2025	
72: Accommodation and Food Services FEB 2025 / JAN 2025 24,465 / L0.9% 81: Other Services FEB 2025 / JAN 2025 35,759 / L6.2% Unclassified FEB 2025 / JAN 2025 14,012	71: Arts and Entertainment	FEB 2025	13,250
FEB 2025 / JAN 2025 +10.9% 81: Other Services FEB 2025 35,759 FEB 2025 / JAN 2025 +6.2% Unclassified FEB 2025 14,012		FEB 2025 / JAN 2025	+7.3%
81: Other Services FEB 2025 35,759 FEB 2025 / JAN 2025 +6.2% Unclassified FEB 2025 14,012	72: Accommodation and Food Services	FEB 2025	24,465
FEB 2025 / JAN 2025 +6.2% Unclassified FEB 2025 14,012		FEB 2025 / JAN 2025	+10.9%
FEB 2025 / JAN 2025 +6.2% Unclassified FEB 2025 14,012	81: Other Services	FEB 2025	35,759
		FEB 2025 / JAN 2025	
	Unclassified	FEB 2025	14,012
		FEB 2025 / JAN 2025	

Details may not equal totals due to rounding. Statistical significance is not applicable or not measurable. Data adjusted for seasonality, except for Utilities (22).

Green Percentage changes are greater than zero (+). Red Percentage changes are less than zero (-). Z = absolute value < 0.05.

Data Inquiries

Economic Indicators Division, Business Formation Statistics 301-763-2000 eid.bfs@census.gov



Business Applications by Industry

The Census Bureau classifies BFS data by industry using the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). NAICS codes are assigned using a variety of sources. A Census Bureau-developed automated industry-coding program first attempts to assign NAICS codes to all new EIN applications received from the IRS. The automated industry-coding program is based on established patterns in the business name and descriptions provided on the EIN applications. This auto-coding process assigned NAICS codes to over 80% of all incoming EIN applications in 2020. For applications that did not receive a NAICS code during the autocoding process, BFS staff use a Census-developed machine learning algorithm to assign NAICS codes where possible. NAICS codes are revised each year for the previous five years as part of the BFS annual update process when more accurate and detailed NAICS codes may be available from the Social Security Administration, the Bureau of Labor Statistics, and the Census Bureau's Business Register. There are a small number of EIN applications where there is not enough information available to assign a NAICS code through any source.

For more information on the Census Bureau automated industry-coding program, please visit < https://www.census.gov/econ/bfs/pdf/naics_improvement.pdf. For more information on the machine learning algorithm, please visit https://www.census.gov/econ/bfs/pdf/beacon.pdf.

GENERAL INFORMATION

On May 13, 2019, the IRS implemented a change in Form SS-4 requiring a social security number (SSN) or an individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN) for the responsible party indicated in the EIN application. The change will prevent entities using their existing EINs to apply for additional EINs. For more information on the requirement change, please visit https://www.irs.gov/newsroom/irs-revises-ein-application-process-seeks-to-enhance-security. The form field that the change applies to is not one that the Census Bureau receives and it is not used in the analysis. As a result, we cannot necessarily draw any conclusions on the impact of this change on BFS.

Release Schedule

The March 2025 Business Formation Statistics Report is scheduled for release on April 10, 2025. View the full schedule in the Economic Briefing Room: https://www.census.gov/economic-indicators/>. Further information on BFS, including additional series and the full time span of the series listed above, can be found at https://www.census.gov/econ/bfs>.

Data Inquiries

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U.S. Department of Commerce U.S. CENSUS BUREAU census.gov

EXPLANATORY NOTES

Business Formation Statistics (BFS) are a standard data product of the U.S. Census Bureau developed in research collaboration with economists affiliated with Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta, University of Maryland, and University of Notre Dame.

Business Formation Statistics (BFS) provide timely and high-frequency data on business applications and employer business formations. BFS measure business initiation activity (Business Application Series) as indicated by applications for an Employer Identification Number (EIN) on the IRS Form SS-4. BFS also provide information on actual and projected employer business formations (Business Formation Series) that originate from these applications, based on the record of first payroll tax liability for an EIN. In addition, BFS contain measures of delay in business starts as indicated by the average duration between the application for an EIN and the transition to an employer business.

BFS currently cover the period starting from July 2004 onwards at a monthly frequency. The data are available nationally, regionally, and by individual states.

Business Application Series

These series describe the business applications for tax IDs as indicated by applications for an Employer Identification Number (EIN) through filings of IRS Form SS-4. Business applications are presented in four different series reflecting different subsets of the applications for an EIN. All business applications series cover the period from July 2004 onwards.

- Business Applications (BA): The core business applications series that correspond to a subset of all applications for an EIN. This series includes all applications for an EIN, except for applications for tax liens, estates, and trusts, applications outside of the 50 states and the District of Columbia or those with no state-county geocodes, applications with certain NAICS codes in sector 11 (agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting) or 92 (public administration) that have low transition rates, and applications in certain industries (i.e. private households, certain financial services, civic and social organizations).
- **High-Propensity Business Applications (HBA)**: Business Applications (BA) that have a high-propensity of turning into businesses with payroll. The identification of high-propensity applications is based on the characteristics of applications revealed on the IRS Form SS-4 that are associated with a high rate of business formation. High-propensity applications include applications: (a) from a corporate entity, (b) that indicate they are hiring employees, (c) that provide a first wages-paid date (planned wages); or (d) that have a NAICS industry code in

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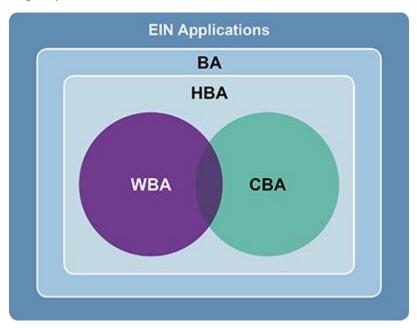
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accommodation and food services (72) or in portions of construction (237, 238), manufacturing (312, 321, 322, 332), retail (44, 452), professional, scientific, and technical services (5411, 5413), educational services (6111), and health care (621, 623).

- Business Applications with Planned Wages (WBA): High-Propensity Business Applications
 (HBA) that indicate a first wages-paid date on the IRS Form SS-4. The indication of a wages-paid
 date is associated with a high likelihood of transitioning into a business with payroll.
- Business Applications from Corporations (CBA): High-Propensity Business Applications (HBA)
 from a corporation or personal service corporation, based on the legal form of organization
 stated in the IRS Form SS-4. Similar to the WBA series, this series is important primarily because
 it consists of a set of applications that have a high rate of transitioning into businesses with
 payroll.

The following is a graphical representation (Venn diagram) of the relationship between the four business applications series (BA, HBA, WBA, CBA) and EIN applications. This graph does not represent the actual relative sizes of different groups.



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Business Formation Series

These series describe employer business formations as indicated by the first instance of payroll tax liabilities for the corresponding business applications. The business formation series are forward-looking in the sense that they measure new business formations from the month of business application in any given quarter. Two series are provided: the first describes transitions within the next four quarters (12 months), and the second within the next eight quarters (24 months). Payroll information is only available on a quarterly basis so it is only possible to look ahead in terms of quarters. All business formation series start in July 2004, the earliest month for which the data on business applications are available.

- **Business Formations within 4 Quarters (BF4Q)**: This series provides the number of employer businesses that originate from Business Applications (BA) within four quarters from the month of application. By definition, the end-point of this series is determined by the most recent quarter for which the administrative data identifies employer business startup activity based on first payroll observation.
- Projected Business Formations within 4 Quarters (PBF4Q): The projected number of employer businesses that originate from Business Applications (BA) within four quarters from the month of application. The projections are based on an econometric model that generates estimates of the likelihood that a business application turns into an employer business. For the details of the model, see the working paper https://www.census.gov/library/working-papers/2018/adrm/bfs_FEB2018.html. The projected business formation series cover the period for which the actual number of business formations within 4 quarters is not yet available. Combining the projected series with the actual business formations (the BF4Q series) results in an up-to-date, forward-looking business formation series.
- Spliced Business Formations within 4 Quarters (SBF4Q): This series combines (splices) BF4Q and PBF4Q to provide the entire time series for the actual and projected business formations within 4 quarters.
- Business Formations within 8 Quarters (BF8Q): The number of employer businesses that
 originate from Business Applications (BA) within eight quarters from the month of application,
 similar to the BF4Q series. Again, the end-point of this series is determined by the most recent
 quarter for which the administrative data identifies employer business startup activity based on
 first payroll observation.

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- **Projected Business Formations within 8 Quarters (PBF8Q)**: The projected number of employer businesses that originate from Business Applications (BA) within eight quarters from the month of application, similar to the PBF4Q series. The projected business formation series cover the period for which the actual business formations within 8 quarters are not yet available.
- Spliced Business Formations within 8 Quarters (SBF8Q): This series combines (splices) BF8Q and PBF8Q to provide the entire time series for the actual and projected business formations within 8 quarters.
- Average Duration (in Quarters) from Business Application to Formation within 4 Quarters
 (DUR4Q): A measure of delay between business application and formation, measured as the
 average duration (in quarters) between the quarter in which the month of business application
 falls and the quarter of business formation, conditional on business formation within four
 quarters. These series span the same period as BF4Q.
- Average Duration (in Quarters) from Business Application to Formation within 8 Quarters
 (DUR8Q): A measure of delay between business application and formation, similar to the
 DUR4Q series. The difference is that the window for business formation is eight quarters, rather
 than four. The series span the same period as BF8Q.

Description of Seasonal Adjustment

Because of strong seasonality detected in most of the business application and formation series, all series are provided with and without seasonal adjustment. In the case of the duration series (DUR4Q and DUR8Q), seasonality is not significant in general. Therefore, no seasonally adjusted duration series are provided. All data, with the exception of the industry data, is seasonally adjusted at the state level and summed to create seasonally adjusted United States total and regional data. Industry data, except for Utilities (22), is seasonally adjusted at the national level to create adjusted United States total data. Seasonal adjustment is performed using the X-13ARIMA-SEATS seasonal adjustment program of the US Census Bureau. Users can implement their own seasonal adjustment methods using the unadjusted data.

Reliability of Estimates

The statistics presented in this release are based on administrative data and therefore are not subject to sampling error. There is also projection error associated with the projected business formation series. The statistics may also be subject to non-sampling error. Non-sampling error occurs because accurate information cannot always be obtained. There are many potential contributors to nonsampling error —

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misreporting, mistakes in recording and coding responses, misinterpretation of questions, and other errors of collection, response, coverage, or processing. Though nonsampling error is not measured directly, the Census Bureau employs quality control procedures throughout the process to minimize this type of error.

Notes

Technical documentation for these statistics and specific recommendations for interpreting these statistics are described on the product's webpage https://www.census.gov/econ/bfs>.

The Census Bureau has reviewed this data product to ensure appropriate access, use, and disclosure avoidance protection of the confidential source data (Project No. P-7515311, Disclosure Review Board (DRB) approval number: CBDRB-FY25-0219).

RESOURCES

API

The Census Bureau's application programming interface lets developers create custom apps to reach new users and makes key demographic, socio-economic and housing statistics more accessible than ever before.

https://www.census.gov/data/developers.html

FRED Mobile App



Receive the latest updates on the nation's key economic indicators by downloading the FRED App < https://fred.stlouisfed.org/fred-mobile/ for both Apple and

Android devices. FRED, the signature database of the Federal Reserve Bank of St. Louis, now incorporates the Census Bureau's 13 economic indicators.

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