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12	IDUTED OF ATEC DISTRICT COLUMN							
13	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT							
14	NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA							
15	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,	CASE NO.						
16	Plaintiff,	COMBLAINT						
17	V.	COMPLAINT						
18	FATHI ABDULRAHIM HARARA and							
19	NATIVE GROUNDS, LLC, d/b/a JERUSALEM COFFEE HOUSE,							
20	Defendants.							
21								
22								
23	The United States brings this action to enforce Title II of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, 42 U.S.C							
24	§§ 2000a – 2000a-5, against Fathi Abdulrahim Harara and Native Grounds, LLC, doing business as the							
25	Jerusalem Coffee House (collectively, "Defendants"), for discriminating against Jewish customers based							
26	on race and religion, and alleges as follows:							
27	I. <u>JURISDICTION, VENUE, AND DIVISIONAL ASSIGNMENT</u>							
28	1. This Court has jurisdiction over the	nis action under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1345 and 42						
	COMPLAINT CASE NO:	I.						

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- 2. Venue is proper in this district pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391 because Defendants are located there and because a substantial part of the events giving rise to the United States' claims occurred there.
- 3. Divisional Assignment: Assignment to the San Francisco or Oakland Division is proper under Civil Local Rules 3-2(c) and (d) because a substantial part of the events or omissions giving rise to the United States' claims occurred in Alameda County.

## II. PARTIES

- 4. Plaintiff is the United States of America.
- 5. Defendant Fathi Abdulrahim Harara ("Harara") is the owner and operator of the Jerusalem Coffee House, located at 5443 Telegraph Avenue in Oakland, California. Harara resides in Brentwood, California.
- 6. Defendant Native Grounds, LLC, is a California corporation whose address is the same as the Jerusalem Coffee House and whose business type is listed as "coffee shop." Harara is the Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, and Secretary of Native Grounds, LLC.

## III. FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

### A. The Jerusalem Coffee House

- 7. The Jerusalem Coffee House ("coffee house") is a business establishment that is open to the general public. The coffee house began operating in September or October 2023.
- 8. The coffee house sells coffee, other drinks, and food, including baked goods, cookies, and focaccia sandwiches. These items may be consumed on the premises at tables and chairs located inside the coffee house and outside on the sidewalk.
- 9. The coffee house also hosts public events for exhibition or entertainment, including cultural events and programs, musicians, and artists.
- 10. Among the drinks the coffee house sells are "Iced In Tea Fada," an apparent reference to "intifada," and "Sweet Sinwar." The coffee house announced these new drinks on Instagram on the one-year anniversary of the October 7, 2023 Hamas terrorist attacks on Israel. Yahya Sinwar was the leader

of Hamas and has been described as "chief architect" and "mastermind" of the October 7, 2023 Hamas attacks.<sup>1</sup>

- 11. The exterior side wall of the coffee house has, or has had, at least four inverted red triangles painted on it. Inverted red triangles have been used as a symbol of violence against Jews, and synagogues and Jewish homes in the United States have had inverted red triangles spraypainted on them as part of anti-Semitic vandalism.
- 12. The coffee house is located on the premises of the East Bay Community Space ("EBCS"), which regularly hosts events that are open to the general public for exhibition or entertainment, including performances, meetings, workshops, and film screenings.
- 13. EBCS and the coffee house both occupy a one-story building located at the corner of Telegraph Avenue and 55th Street, in north Oakland. The building is listed by the Alameda County Assessor as a single parcel with the same owner. Although EBCS has its own entrance on 55th Street, it is connected to the coffee house via an open interior passageway. EBCS's website also contains a link to and description of the coffee house.
- 14. The coffee house is a "place of public accommodation" within the meaning of 42 U.S.C. §§ 2000a(b)(2), (3), and (4). EBCS is a "place of public accommodation" within the meaning of 42 U.S.C. § 2000a(b)(3).
- 15. Both the coffee house's and EBCS's operations "affect commerce" within the meaning of 42 U.S.C. § 2000a(c).

#### B. Defendants' Unlawful Refusal to Serve Michael Radice

- 16. Michael Radice is a Los Angeles resident who directs a nonprofit organization in Oakland that works on behalf of individuals and families impacted by incarceration. Mr. Radice spends at least one day per week working in Oakland.
  - 17. Mr. Radice is Jewish.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See Frank Gardner, "Yahya Sinwar: Who was the Hamas Leader?" BBC, Oct. 17, 2024, <a href="https://www.bbc.com/news/world-middle-east-67473719">https://www.bbc.com/news/world-middle-east-67473719</a>; Daniel Estrin & Willem Marx, "Who Was Hamas Leader Yahya Sinwar?" NPR, Oct. 17, 2024, <a href="https://www.npr.org/2024/10/17/nx-s1-5155887/hamas-yahya-sinwar-israel-gaza">https://www.npr.org/2024/10/17/nx-s1-5155887/hamas-yahya-sinwar-israel-gaza</a>.

- 18. On or about the afternoon of June 10, 2024, Mr. Radice traveled from his office in Oakland to EBCS for the purpose of viewing the establishment for a fundraising event for his organization. Mr. Radice had never been to the coffee house before.
- 19. Mr. Radice was wearing a dark-blue baseball cap with a light-blue Star of David and white Hebrew lettering. The Hebrew phrase on his cap stated, "Am Yisraeli Chai," which translates as, "The people of Israel live."
- 20. Mr. Radice approached EBCS via Telegraph Avenue, where the coffee house is located. As he approached, a man sitting at a sidewalk table in front of the coffee house asked Mr. Radice, unprompted, "Are you a Jew?" Mr. Radice answered that he was.
  - 21. The man then asked, "Are you a Zionist?" Mr. Radice declined to respond.
- 22. The man then began shouting numerous accusations at Mr. Radice, including that he was complicit in Israel's military actions in the Gaza Strip following the October 7, 2023 Hamas attacks and guilty of "killing children."
- 23. At no time did Mr. Radice offer his opinion or position on Israel, its actions, or any other issue. Other than his baseball cap, Mr. Radice was not wearing anything that would indicate his religious or political beliefs.
- 24. Mr. Radice began to walk away. As he did, the man stood up and asked, "Where are you going?"
- 25. While walking away from the coffee house, Mr. Radice saw another man, whom he later learned was Harara, walk out of the coffee house and speak to the man, and the two went inside.
- 26. On the afternoon of August 3, 2024, Mr. Radice returned to EBCS to attend the fundraiser for his organization. He arrived early and entered the coffee shop to purchase a cookie, which he hoped would be seen as a sign of goodwill. Mr. Radice was not wearing the baseball cap he wore on his previous visit, nor anything else that would indicate his religious or political beliefs.
- Working behind the counter of the coffee house that day were the man who previously 27. asked Mr. Radice if he was a "Jew," Harara, and a third employee.

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- 28. Before Mr. Radice could place his order or say anything of substance, the man from the previous encounter stated, "You're the guy with the hat. You're the Jew. You're the Zionist. We don't want you in our coffee shop. Get out."
- 29. Harara then asked Mr. Radice if he intended to purchase anything. Mr. Radice responded that he was only there to make a purchase.
- 30. One of the employees responded by telling Mr. Radice to "get out" and gestured to the front door. Mr. Radice immediately left the coffee house.
- 31. Harara and the two other employees followed Mr. Radice outside, yelling "Jew" and "Zionist" at him. Mr. Radice retreated north on Telegraph Avenue towards 55th Street. When he saw that Harara and the employees were continuing to pursue him, Mr. Radice stepped into the middle of 55th Street and behind a parked car to escape the men.
- 32. Shortly thereafter, a member of Mr. Radice's organization's board of directors arrived for the fundraiser and was parking his car on the other side of 55th Street. Mr. Radice approached him and told him what had happened. As they spoke, Harara and his employees continued to yell insults and epithets at Mr. Radice, which did not end until Mr. Radice and the board member entered EBCS.
- 33. At no point during his interaction with Harara and his employees did Mr. Radice say anything indicating his political beliefs or positions, whether with respect to Israel or any other issue.
  - 34. Mr. Radice has not been back to the coffee house or EBCS since this incident.
    - C. Defendants' Unlawful Refusal to Serve Jonathan Hirsch and His Five-Year-Old Son
  - 35. Jonathan Hirsch resides in Oakland with his wife and three young children.
  - 36. Mr. Hirsch is Jewish.
- 37. On Saturday, October 26, 2024, around midday, Mr. Hirsch and his five-year-old son were having lunch at Casper's, a well-known Oakland hot dog stand located at 5440 Telegraph Avenue, across the street from the coffee house.
- 38. Mr. Hirsch was wearing a blue baseball cap with a white Star of David on it. The cap was a replica of a 1938 cap used by the Hebrew Orphans Asylum, a Jewish orphanage in New York City that sponsored baseball teams.

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- 39. Other than this cap, Mr. Hirsch was wearing nothing that would indicate his religious or political beliefs.
- 40. After eating, Mr. Hirsch and his son needed to use the bathroom. Casper's does not have bathrooms, and staff there directed Mr. Hirsch to the coffee house.
- 41. At this time, Mr. Hirsch did not know Mr. Radice and was not aware of the previous incidents involving Mr. Radice.
- 42. Mr. Hirsch and his son crossed Telegraph Avenue and entered the coffee house, where he ordered a coffee. The employee who served Mr. Hirsch was not Harara. Mr. Hirsch and his son then went to the back of the coffee house to use the bathroom.
- 43. After using the bathroom, Mr. Hirsch and his son sat down at a table with a chess board in the back of the coffee house and began playing chess.
- 44. Within minutes of sitting down, Harara—who did not identify himself—confronted Mr. Hirsch. He demanded to know whether Mr. Hirsch was a "Zionist" and whether he was wearing a "Jewish star." After briefly walking away, Harara returned and demanded that Mr. Hirsch and his son leave the premises.
- 45. At no time while in the coffee house did Mr. Hirsch say anything that would indicate his political beliefs or positions on any issue, including Israel.
- 46. Mr. Hirsch asked whether Harara worked there. Harara falsely accused Mr. Hirsch of "causing a disruption" and "trespassing." He threatened to call the police if Mr. Hirsch did not leave. Mr. Hirsch responded that Harara should call the police and would wait for them to arrive. While in the coffee house, Harara told Mr. Hirsch, "You need to leave," or variations on this demand, at least fifteen times.
- 47. After Mr. Hirsch said that he would wait for the police to arrive, Harara walked into EBCS and approached an EBCS employee named Rena Raven Don. He asked Ms. Don to help remove Mr. Hirsch.
- 48. Ms. Don walked into the coffee house and approached Mr. Hirsch and his son. Mr. Hirsch told Ms. Don that he believed Harara was discriminating against him because he was Jewish. Ms. Don initially told Mr. Hirsch that he should accede to Harara's demand, noting that he had entered a COMPLAINT CASE NO: 6

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"Palestinian" business. Mr. Hirsch explained that he was unwilling to validate illegal discrimination by leaving the coffee house.

- 49. Ms. Don later told the Oakland police that Mr. Hirsch "wasn't trying to start a conflict" and "was being discriminated against because of his hat."
- 50. At 12:55 pm, two uniformed Oakland police officers arrived. Mr. Hirsch spoke to the officers and explained that he was being ordered to leave because he was Jewish and wearing a Star of David on his baseball cap, which he considered a sign of his religion.
- 51. Harara responded, "This is a private business, and I reserve the right to refuse not to serve anyone I don't want to," and again demanded that Mr. Hirsch leave the premises. He repeatedly demanded that the officers remove Mr. Hirsch and arrest him for trespassing, at one point requesting that they physically restrain Mr. Hirsch face-down on the sidewalk in front of his young son.
- 52. The officers did not arrest Mr. Hirsch. The police report for this incident states that "no crime occurred" and "this is being documented as a hate incident."
- 53. Nevertheless, the officers requested that Mr. Hirsch speak with them outside. As they left the coffee house, Harara said, "Bye bye! Are you a Zionist? Bye bye!" Later, he added, "I love Jewish people. I love them. I love them. Fuck Israel. Fuck Zionists. Fuck Zionists."
- 54. When Mr. Hirsch asked why Harara was directing these epithets at him, Harara responded, "Because I feel like it." When Mr. Hirsch asked Harara whether he asks every customer whether he or she is a "Zionist," Harara responded, "Yeah, I do."
  - 55. Harara does not, in fact, ask all customers if they are "Zionists."
  - 56. Although Mr. Hirsch ordered and paid for a coffee, it was never served to him.
- 57. Harara followed Mr. Hirsch and the officers outside and continued to spew insults and epithets at both Mr. Hirsch and his young son. These included repeatedly calling Mr. Hirsch a "bitch," a "dog," and a "piece of shit." Harara even told Mr. Hisch's son, "You're dad's a bitch." The situation ended only after two Oakland police sergeants arrived.

# IV. CAUSE OF ACTION: TITLE II OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS ACT OF 1964

58. The United States re-alleges and incorporates by reference the allegations set forth above.

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COMPLAINT CASE NO:

59. Defendants' actions as described above constitute a pattern or practice of resistance to the full and equal enjoyment by Jewish individuals of rights secured by Title II of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, 42 U.S.C. §§ 2000a *et seq.*, and this pattern or practice is of such a nature and is intended to deny the full exercise of such rights.

## V. PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, the United States respectfully requests that the Court enter an Order:

- 1. Declaring that Defendants' discriminatory policies and practices violate Title II of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, 42 U.S.C. §§ 2000a *et seq.*;
- 2. Enjoining Defendants, their agents, employees, successors, and all other persons in active concert or participation with them, from engaging in any act or practice which, on the basis of race or religion, denies or abridges any rights secured by Title II of the Civil Rights Act of 1964; and
- 3. Requiring Defendants, their agents, employees, successors, and all other persons in active concert or participation with them, to take such affirmative steps as may be necessary to remedy the effects of past unlawful conduct and prevent the recurrence of discriminatory conduct in the future.

The United States further prays for such additional relief as the interests of justice may require.

		Case 4.25-04-04-04-5	Document 1	Fage 9 01 10
1	Dated:	June 9, 2025		
2				Respectfully submitted,
3				
4				<u>s/ Pamela Bondi</u> PAMELA BONDI
5				Attorney General
6				s/ Harmeet K. Dhillon
7				HARMEET K. DHILLON Assistant Attorney General
8				Civil Rights Division
9				s/ Michael E. Gates
10				MICHAEL E. GATES Deputy Assistant Attorney General
11				Civil Řights Division
12				CARRIE PAGNUCCO Chief, Housing and Civil Enforcement
13				Section
14				s/ Max Lapertosa AMIE S. MURPHY
15				Deputy Chief MAX LAPERTOSA
16				Trial Attorney United States Department of Justice
17				Civil Rights Division Housing and Civil Enforcement Section
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COMPLAINT CASE NO:

# **DECLARATION PURSUANT TO LOCAL RULE 5(i)(3)**

Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1746, I declare under penalty of perjury that each of the other signatories to this Complaint have concurred in the filing of the document.

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COMPLAINT CASE NO:

s/ Max Lapertosa

JS 44 (Rev. 03/24)

# Case 4:25-cv-04849CIVPICUTOR 12 SHFIFT 06/09/25 Page 1 of 2

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.)

I. (a) PLAINTIFFS				DEFENDANTS			
United States of America				Fathi Abdulrahii	m Harara; Native Grou	ınds LLC	
(b) County of Residence of First Listed Plaintiff (EXCEPT IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES)				County of Residence of First Listed Defendant Alameda  (IN U.S. PLAINTIFF CASES ONLY)  NOTE: IN LAND CONDEMNATION CASES, USE THE LOCATION OF THE TRACT OF LAND INVOLVED.			
(c) Attorneys (Firm Name, Address, and Telephone Number)				Attorneys (If Known)			
	US Dept of Justice, 20530; (202) 598-97		Ν,	Glenn Katon 385 Grand Ave., Suite 200, Oakland, CA 94610			
II. BASIS OF JURISD	ICTION (Place an "X" in G	One Box Only)	III. CI	TIZENSHIP OF PI	RINCIPAL PARTIES	Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintiff	
X 1 U.S. Government		Not a Party)	(For Diversity Cases Only)  PTF DEF  Citizen of This State  1				
2 U.S. Government Defendant	4 Diversity (Indicate Citizenshi)	ip of Parties in Item III)	Citize	en of Another State	of Business In A		
				en or Subject of a	3 Foreign Nation	66	
IV. NATURE OF SUIT					Click here for: Nature of S		
CONTRACT  110 Insurance	PERSONAL INJURY	RTS PERSONAL INJURY		5 Drug Related Seizure	BANKRUPTCY 422 Appeal 28 USC 158	375 False Claims Act	
120 Marine   130 Miller Act   140 Negotiable Instrument   150 Recovery of Overpayment & Enforcement of Judgment   151 Medicare Act   152 Recovery of Defaulted Student Loans (Excludes Veterans)   153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits   160 Stockholders' Suits   190 Other Contract   195 Contract Product Liability   196 Franchise	330 Federal Employers' Liability 340 Marine 345 Marine Product Liability 350 Motor Vehicle 355 Motor Vehicle Product Liability 360 Other Personal Injury 362 Personal Injury - Medical Malpractice CIVIL RIGHTS 440 Other Civil Rights 441 Voting 442 Employment X 443 Housing/ Accommodations 445 Amer. w/Disabilities - Employment 446 Amer. w/Disabilities - Other 448 Education	365 Personal Injury - Product Liability  367 Health Care/ Pharmaceutical Personal Injury Product Liability  368 Asbestos Personal Injury Product Liability  PERSONAL PROPERT  370 Other Fraud  371 Truth in Lending  380 Other Personal Property Damage  385 Property Damage  385 Property Damage Product Liability  PRISONER PETITIONS  Habeas Corpus:  463 Alien Detainee  510 Motions to Vacate Sentence  530 General  535 Death Penalty  Other:  540 Mandamus & Other  550 Civil Rights  555 Prison Condition  560 Civil Detainee - Conditions of Confinement	71 72 74 75 8 79 79	LABOR  O Fair Labor Standards Act Labor/Management Relations Railway Labor Act Family and Medical Leave Act Other Labor Litigation Employee Retirement Income Security Act  IMMIGRATION Naturalization Application Other Immigration Other Immigration Cother Immigration Actions	423 Withdrawal	376 Qui Tam (31 USC 3729(a))  400 State Reapportionment 410 Antitrust 430 Banks and Banking 450 Commerce 460 Deportation 470 Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations 480 Consumer Credit (15 USC 1681 or 1692)  485 Telephone Consumer Protection Act 490 Cable/Sat TV 850 Securities/Commodities/ Exchange 890 Other Statutory Actions 891 Agricultural Acts 893 Environmental Matters 895 Freedom of Information Act 896 Arbitration 899 Administrative Procedure Act/Review or Appeal of Agency Decision 950 Constitutionality of State Statutes	
171	moved from 3 I	Remanded from Appellate Court	4 Reins Reop	stated or 5 Transfe ened Another (specify	r District Litigation		
VI. CAUSE OF ACTIO	Title II of Civil Rights Ad Brief description of ca	ct of 1964, 42 U.S.C. 2000	Оа	Oo not cite jurisdictional stat	tutes unless diversity):		
VII. REQUESTED IN COMPLAINT:	CHECK IF THIS UNDER RULE 23	IS A <b>CLASS ACTION</b> 3, F.R.Cv.P.	D	EMAND \$	CHECK YES only <b>JURY DEMAND:</b>	if demanded in complaint:  ☐ Yes	
VIII. RELATED CASI IF ANY	(See instructions):	JUDGE Donna M. F	Ryu		DOCKET NUMBER _4:2	25-cv-2060	
DATE 6/9/2025		SIGNATURE OF ATTO s/ Max Lapertosa	ORNEY (	OF RECORD			
FOR OFFICE USE ONLY  RECEIPT # AM	MOUNT	APPLYING IFP		JUDGE	MAG. JUI	OGE	

JS 44 Reverse (Rev. 03/24) Case 4:25-cv-04849 Document 1-1 Filed 06/09/25 Page 2 of 2

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR ATTORNEYS COMPLETING CIVIL COVER SHEET FORM JS 44

Authority For Civil Cover Sheet

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replaces nor supplements the filings and service of pleading or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. Consequently, a civil cover sheet is submitted to the Clerk of Court for each civil complaint filed. The attorney filing a case should complete the form as follows:

- **I.(a) Plaintiffs-Defendants.** Enter names (last, first, middle initial) of plaintiff and defendant. If the plaintiff or defendant is a government agency, use only the full name or standard abbreviations. If the plaintiff or defendant is an official within a government agency, identify first the agency and then the official, giving both name and title.
- (b) County of Residence. For each civil case filed, except U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county where the first listed plaintiff resides at the time of filing. In U.S. plaintiff cases, enter the name of the county in which the first listed defendant resides at the time of filing. (NOTE: In land condemnation cases, the county of residence of the "defendant" is the location of the tract of land involved.)
- (c) Attorneys. Enter the firm name, address, telephone number, and attorney of record. If there are several attorneys, list them on an attachment, noting in this section "(see attachment)".
- II. Jurisdiction. The basis of jurisdiction is set forth under Rule 8(a), F.R.Cv.P., which requires that jurisdictions be shown in pleadings. Place an "X" in one of the boxes. If there is more than one basis of jurisdiction, precedence is given in the order shown below.

  United States plaintiff. (1) Jurisdiction based on 28 U.S.C. 1345 and 1348. Suits by agencies and officers of the United States are included here. United States defendant. (2) When the plaintiff is suing the United States, its officers or agencies, place an "X" in this box. Federal question. (3) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1331, where jurisdiction arises under the Constitution of the United States, an amendment to the Constitution, an act of Congress or a treaty of the United States. In cases where the U.S. is a party, the U.S. plaintiff or defendant code takes precedence, and box 1 or 2 should be marked.

  Diversity of citizenship. (4) This refers to suits under 28 U.S.C. 1332, where parties are citizens of different states. When Box 4 is checked, the citizenship of the different parties must be checked. (See Section III below; NOTE: federal question actions take precedence over diversity cases.)
- **III. Residence (citizenship) of Principal Parties.** This section of the JS 44 is to be completed if diversity of citizenship was indicated above. Mark this section for each principal party.
- **IV. Nature of Suit.** Place an "X" in the appropriate box. If there are multiple nature of suit codes associated with the case, pick the nature of suit code that is most applicable. Click here for: <u>Nature of Suit Code Descriptions</u>.
- V. Origin. Place an "X" in one of the seven boxes.
  - Original Proceedings. (1) Cases which originate in the United States district courts.

Removed from State Court. (2) Proceedings initiated in state courts may be removed to the district courts under Title 28 U.S.C., Section 1441. Remanded from Appellate Court. (3) Check this box for cases remanded to the district court for further action. Use the date of remand as the filing date.

Reinstated or Reopened. (4) Check this box for cases reinstated or reopened in the district court. Use the reopening date as the filing date. Transferred from Another District. (5) For cases transferred under Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1404(a). Do not use this for within district transfers or multidistrict litigation transfers.

Multidistrict Litigation – Transfer. (6) Check this box when a multidistrict case is transferred into the district under authority of Title 28 U.S.C. Section 1407.

Multidistrict Litigation – Direct File. (8) Check this box when a multidistrict case is filed in the same district as the Master MDL docket. **PLEASE NOTE THAT THERE IS NOT AN ORIGIN CODE 7.** Origin Code 7 was used for historical records and is no longer relevant due to changes in statute.

- VI. Cause of Action. Report the civil statute directly related to the cause of action and give a brief description of the cause. **Do not cite jurisdictional statutes unless diversity.** Example: U.S. Civil Statute: 47 USC 553 Brief Description: Unauthorized reception of cable service.
- VII. Requested in Complaint. Class Action. Place an "X" in this box if you are filing a class action under Rule 23, F.R.Cv.P.

  Demand. In this space enter the actual dollar amount being demanded or indicate other demand, such as a preliminary injunction.

  Jury Demand. Check the appropriate box to indicate whether or not a jury is being demanded.
- **VIII. Related Cases.** This section of the JS 44 is used to reference related cases, if any. If there are related cases, insert the docket numbers and the corresponding judge names for such cases.

Date and Attorney Signature. Date and sign the civil cover sheet.